Cost of the Karwar Naval Base

2319 SHRI VEERSHETTY MOGLAPPA KUSHNOOR
SHRI H HANUMANTHAPPA

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) what is the total cost involved in the Karwar Naval Base for which the foundation stone has been laid recently, and

(b) whether this project includes construction of an aerodrome and a railway line from Karwar to Hubli, if so, what is the estimated cost of the Railway line and the time required for its completion?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI ARUN SINGH) (a) Government have approved the establishment of a Naval Base of Karwar in Karnataka State at a cost of approximately Rs 350 crores in the first phase

(b) The project includes construction of Naval airfield The construction of railway line is not a part of the project However, the Railway Board has been approached to work out the various alterntives to link Karwar by rail and to intimate cost estimates and time-frames

2320 [*Transferred to the 5th December*, 1986]

Manufacture of Frigates and Submarines at Mazagaon Docks Ltd.

2321 SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have prepared a blue-print for manufacture of frigates and sub-marines in the country at the Mazagaon Docks Limited, and

(b) if so what are the details thereof and by when the first India-built sub-marine for the Navy is likely to be ready?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE PRODUCTION AND SUPPLIES IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI SHIVRAJ PATIL) (a) and (b) Mazagaon Dock Ltd. is one of the Yards for indigenous construction of frigates and sub-marines Details of manufacturing programme cannot be disclosed in public interest Delivery of first sub-marine built in India is expected in the beginning of the next five-year plan

Training programmes attended by IAS/IPS officers

2322 SHRI V GOPALSAMY
SHRI K GOPALAN

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) how many IAS/IPS and other class I service officials attended training programmes in the country as well as abroad during the last three years year-wise and country-wise and also nature of their training programmes attended,

(b) whether Government have reviewed the impact of these training programmes on the output of the officials and also improvement ffected on the general administration,

(c) what is the criteria of selection and whether officials of the State cadre also attended such pragramme during this period, and

(d) what further steps are being taken to improve individual performances of top administrative officials in the country?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRI BIREN SINGH ENGTI) (a) So far as IAS officers are concerned, this Ministry, which is their cadre controlling authority, has started compulsory one week refresher courses and 4 week training programmes from 1985-86 The 4 week programmes are in 3 stages in the career of an IAS officer viz 6--9 years of service on

Programme Implementation, 10—16 years on Management Concepts and Decision Making; and 17—20 years on Policy Planning and Analysis. All other IAS officers attend compulsory one week refresher courses in one of 25 specialisms relevant to them. In 1985-86, 3,480 IAS officers were trained. Details of the training of IAS officers abroad and within the country in 1983, 1984 and 1985 are given in the enclosed Statement (*See* below).

This Ministry is only in charge of organising training programmes for IAS officers for which it is the cadre controlling authority. For IPS and other Class I Service officials, this Ministry is not the Cadre controlling authority and hence does not maintain this information. The respective cadre controlling authorities would have the requisite information available.

(b) One week refresher courses for the IAS officers are being evaluated by two outside experts. An interim report received from one of the experts has indicated that the results of these courses are positive.

(c) So far as IAS officers are concerned, the one week/4 week programmes are obligatory and applies to all IAS officers borne in the various State cadres.

(d) Further steps include more rigid selection procedures, search for the right man for the job; one week workshops on Development Administration for Ministers and the top civil servants to enable them to explore the management interface and streamlining of performance appraisal procedures to improve accountability and impart greater objective to appraisal procedures.

Statement

Country-wise Number of IAS Officers who underwent Training during the years 1983, 1984 *and* 1985

Country	Year		
	1983	1984	1985
U.K	48	55	47
U.S.A	11	12	11
JAPAN	-	3	1
NETHERLAND	1	1	
THAILAND	1		
FRANCE	5	2	
AUSTRALIA	3	2	1
ITALY	1		1
PHILIPPINES	2		
MALAYSIA	1		
DENMARK	-		1
CZECHOSLOVAKIA	1		
W. GERMANY	1	1	
TOTAL (foreign)	78	76	62
INDIA	87	105	261
GRAND TOTAL	165	181	223

Nature of Training done Abroad:—

Officers went on foreign Training in various fields such as Agriculture, Rural Development, Planning, Education, Finance, Industry, Social Welfare, Transport and urban development.